GEMINIVIRUS REPLICATION PROTEIN DECREASES PCNA SUMOILATION AT TWO **ACCEPTOR SITES**



Blanca Sabarit¹, Manuel Arroyo-Mateos^{1,2}, Francesca Maio², Miguel Sánchez-Durán¹, Tábata Rosas-Díaz^{1,4}, Marcel Prins³, Javier Ruiz -Albert¹, <u>Ana P. Luna¹</u>, Harrold A. van den Burg² and Eduardo R. Bejarano¹.

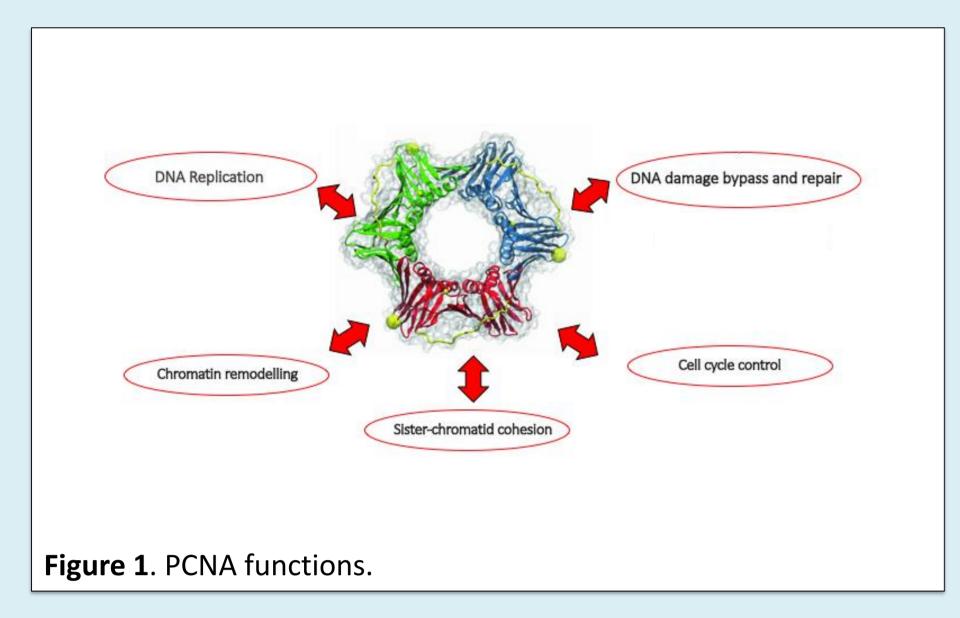


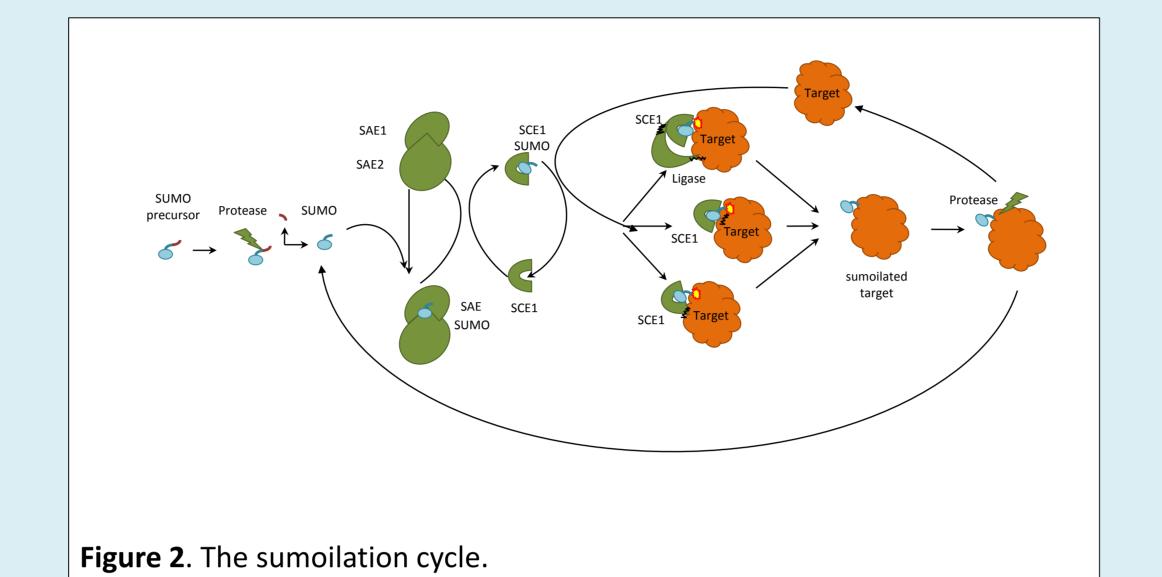
¹Instituto de Hortofruticultura Subtropical y Mediterránea "La Mayora", (IHSM-UMA-CSIC), Málaga, Spain. ²Molecular Plant Pathology, Faculty of Science University of Amsterdam, The Netherlands. ³Keygene NV, Wageningen, The Netherlands. ⁴ Shanghai Center for Plant Stress Biology/CAS Center for Excellence in Molecular Plant Science, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai, China.

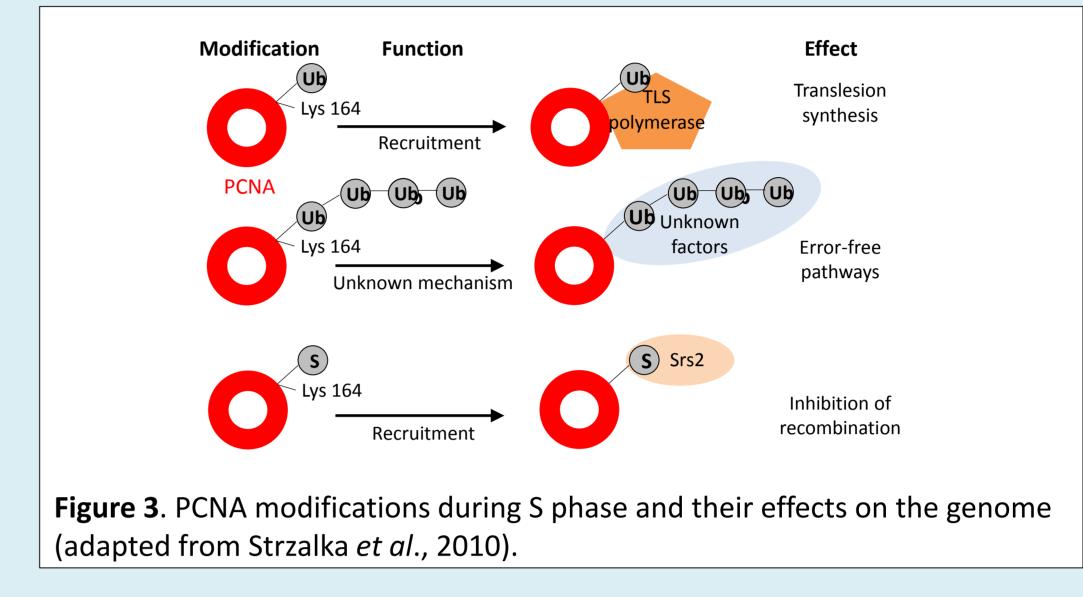
INTRODUCTION

Geminiviruses are plant viruses with circular, single-stranded DNA (ssDNA) genomes that replicate in nuclei of mature plant cells by using plant replicate and the viral protein Rep. This viral protein interacts with diverse plant proteins, including PCNA (Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen) (Castillo et al., 2003) and SCE1 (SUMO conjugating enzyme) (Castillo et al., 2004).

PCNA is a key factor for DNA replication, providing a platform that coordinates a wide range of processes involved in maintenance, duplication and transmission of the genome (fig. 1). Control of PCNA-interactions involves post-transcriptional modifications, such as ubiquitination and sumoilation steps catalysed by a set of well conserved enzymes, comprising an activating enzyme E1, a conjugating enzyme E2 and a ligase E3 (fig. 2). SUMO can be covalently attached to lysine residues in a large eight genes and one pseudogene. AtSUMO1, 2, 3, and 5 genes are expressed in vivo. Modification of PCNA by ubiquitin and SUMO are events that modulate the function of the protein (fig. 3).

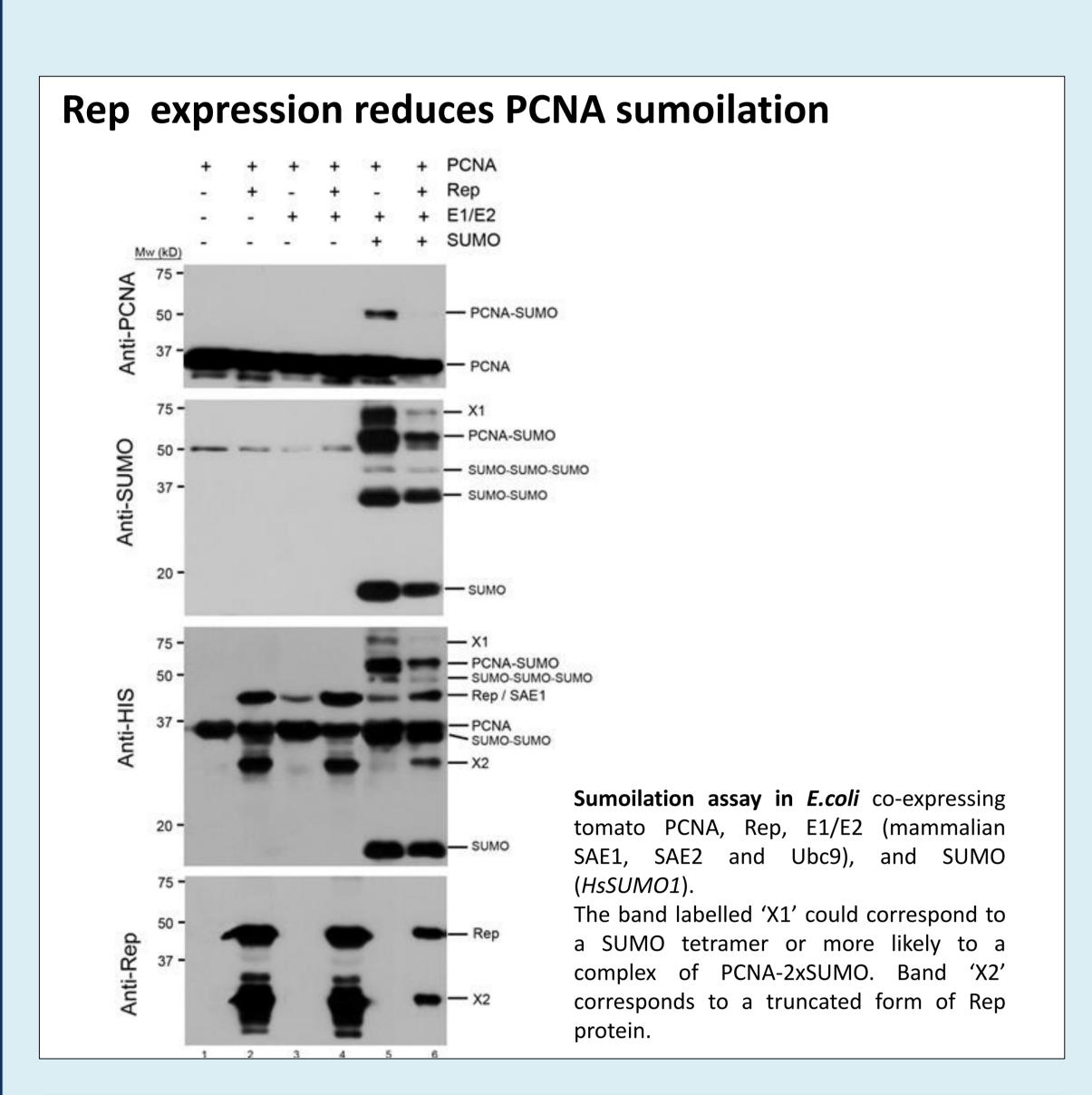


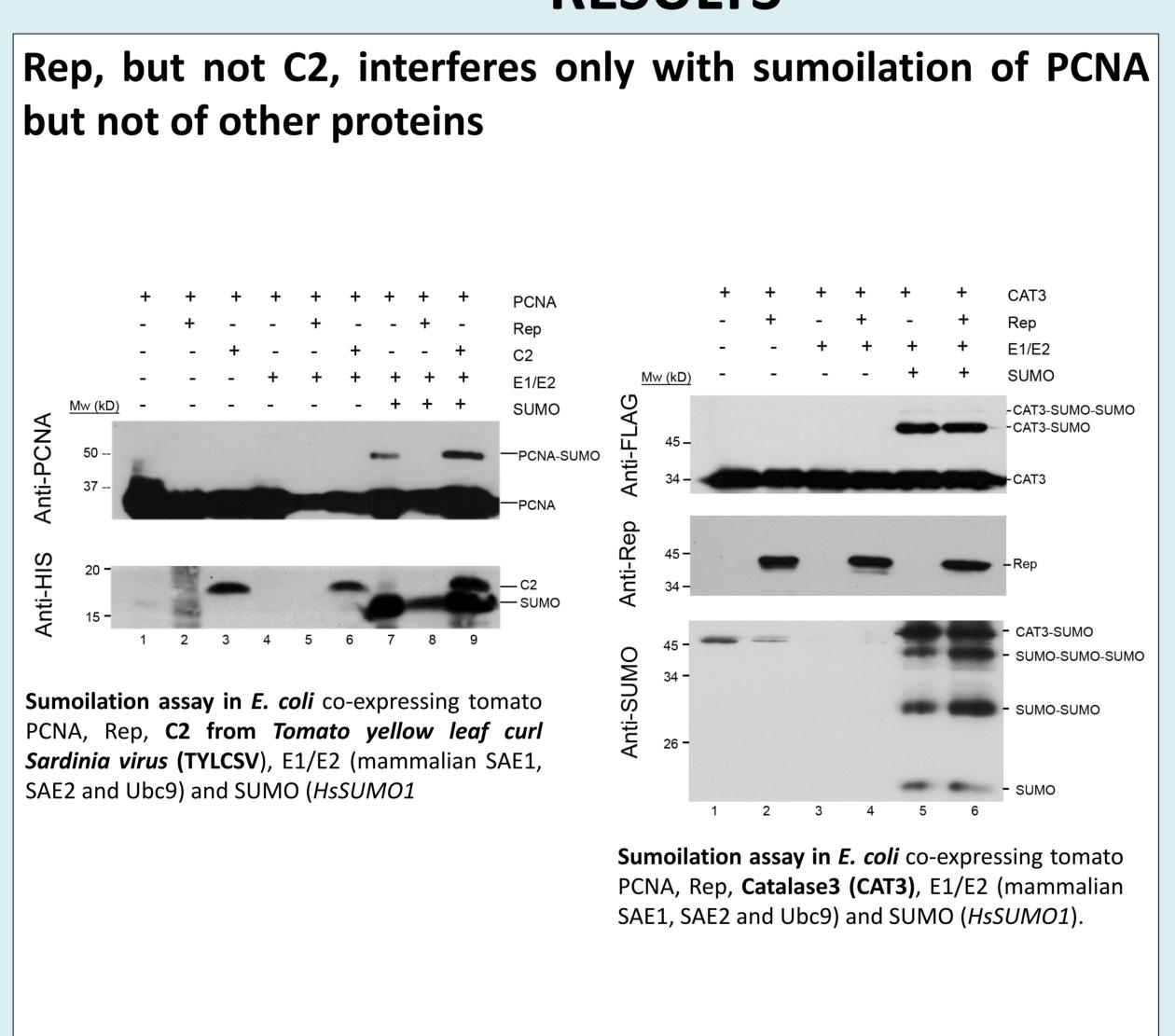


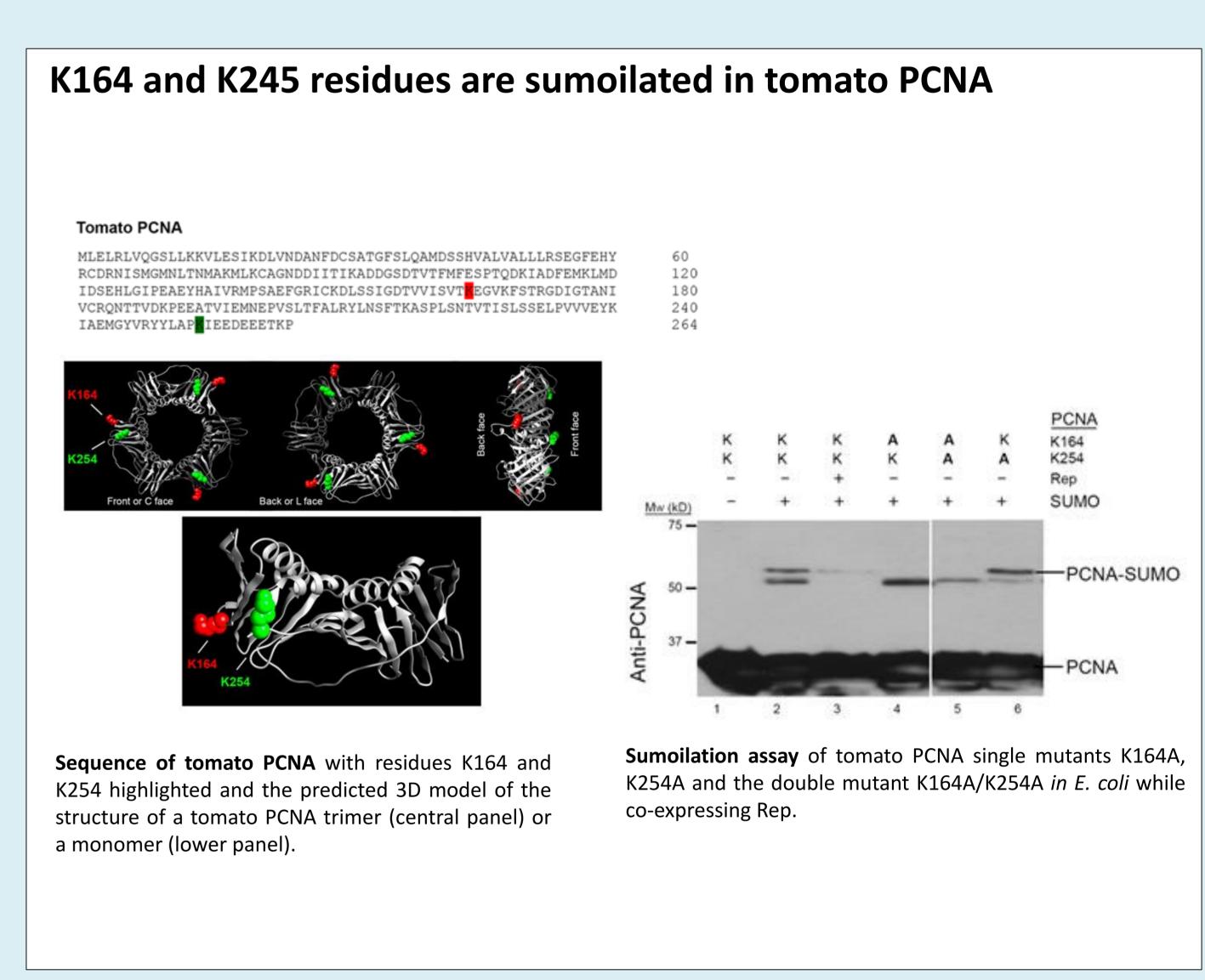


Previously, we reported that Rep ectopic expression does not result in broad changes in the sumoilation state of selected host proteins. In this work, we show, using a reconstituted sumoilation system in Escherichia coli, that tomato PCNA is sumoilated at two residues, K254 and K164, and that co-expression of the Rep protein suppresses PCNA sumoilation at these lysines. Finally, we confirm that PCNA is sumoilated and that Rep also interferes with PCNA sumoilation in planta.

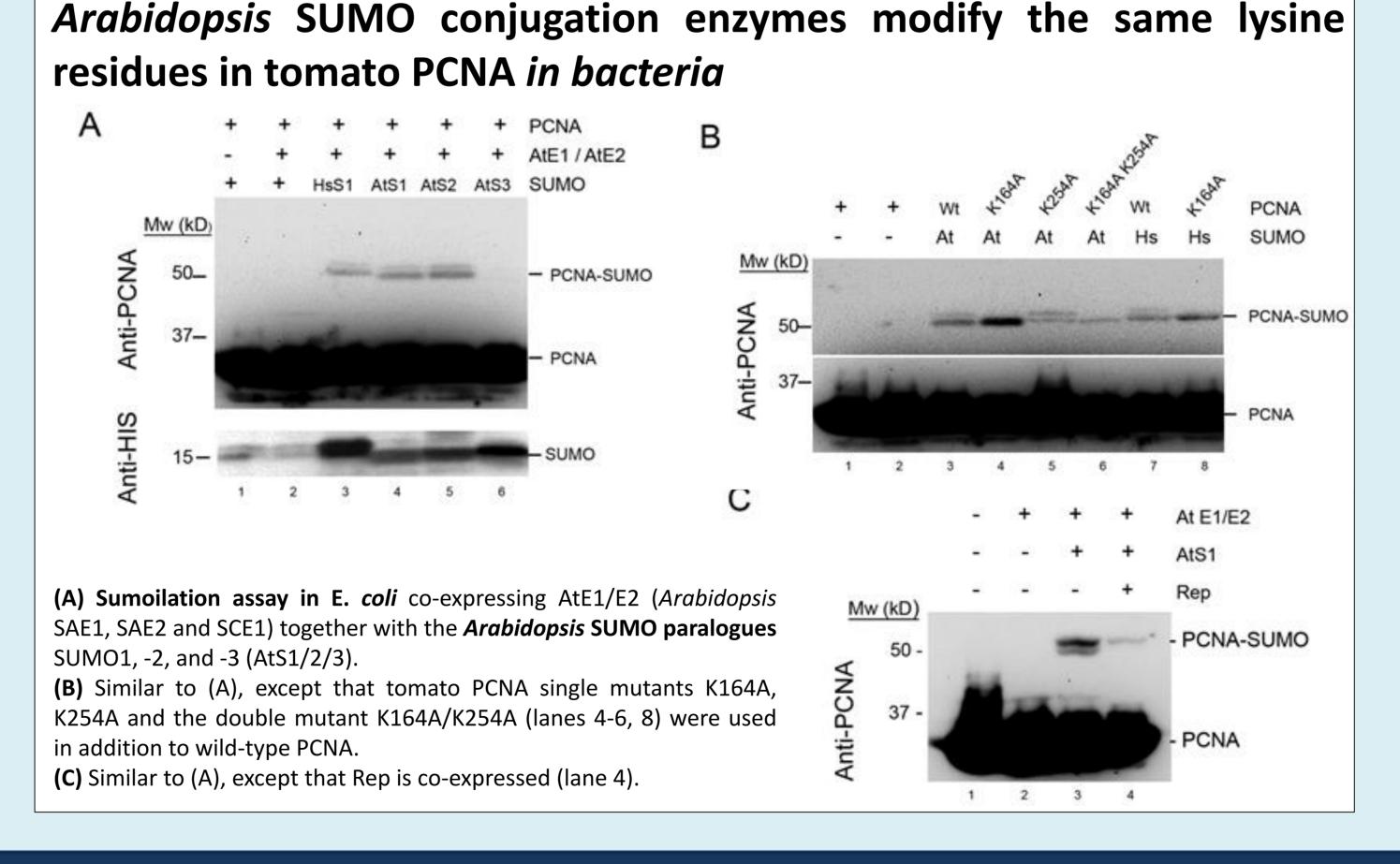
RESULTS

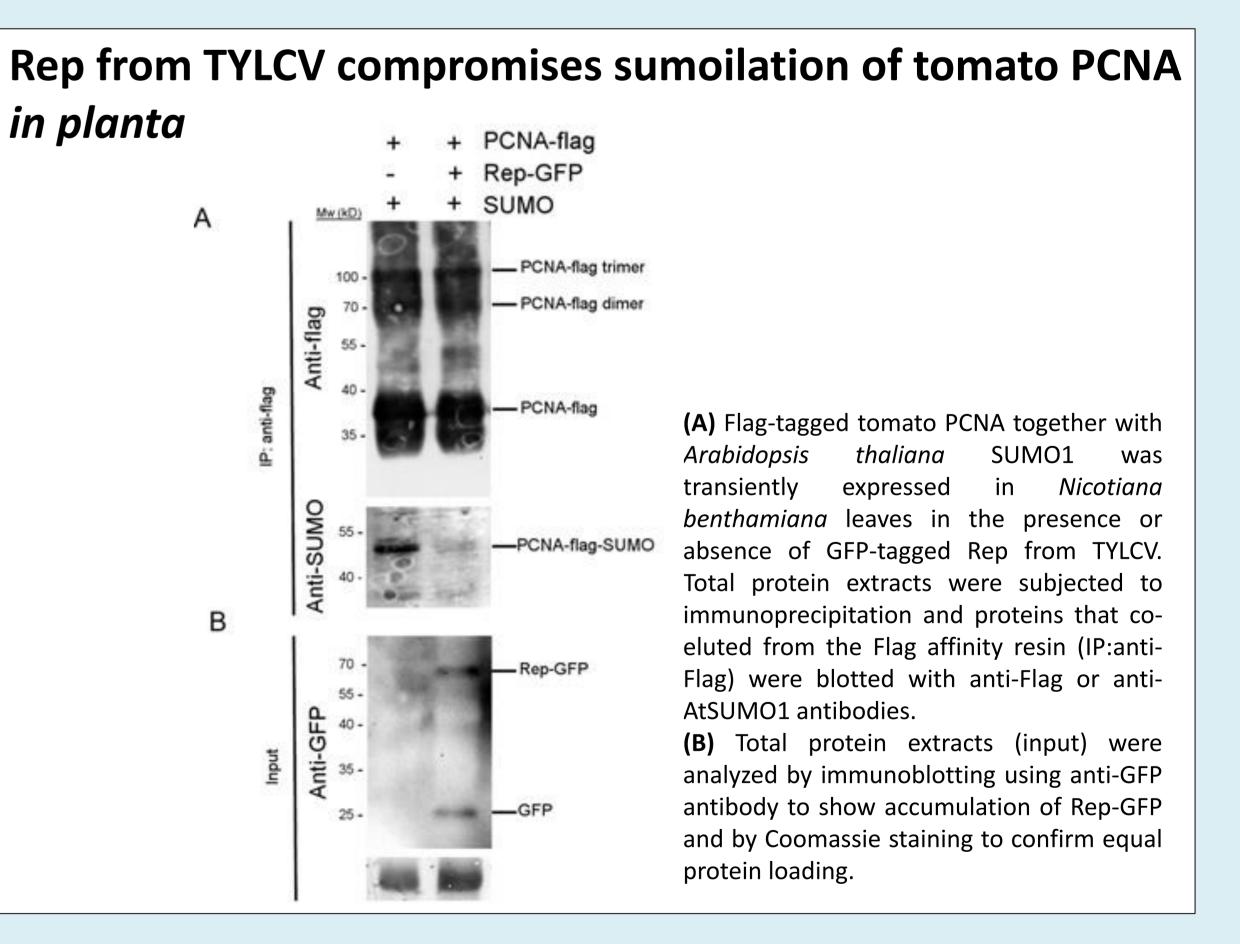






The Rep-SCE1 interaction is not essential to suppress PCNA sumoilation in bacteria Sumoilation assay in *E.coli* expressing a Rep



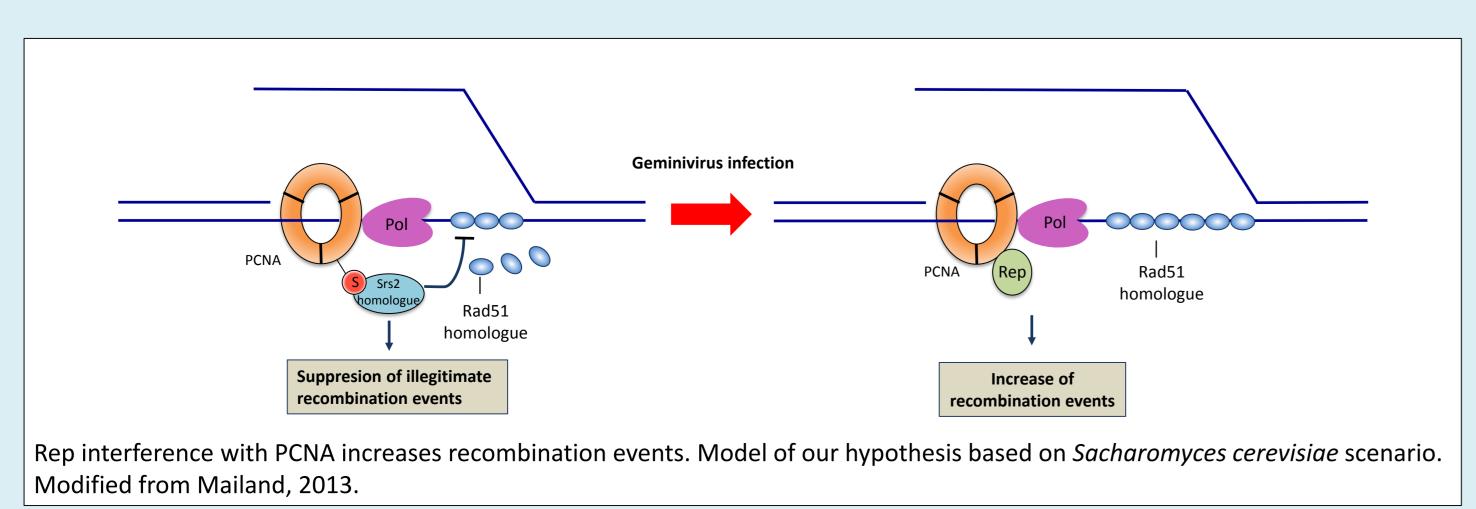


HYPOTHESIS

Geminivirus genomes undergo high levels of mutation, recombination and reassortment to increase viral diversity (Duffy & Holmes, 2008). In Sacharomyces cerevisiae, sumoilated PCNA binds Srs2, anti-recombinogenic protein that suppresses recombination during DNA replication by interfering with Rad51 and binding to DNA single strands formed in the replication fork (Veaute et al., 2003). Rep interferes with PCNA by decreasing PCNA-sumoilated levels, which could explain the increase of viral recombination rate.

variant that fails to interact with SCE1

(K68A/K102A; lane 4).



CONCLUSIONS

- Rep specifically interferes with PCNA sumoilation.
- PCNA lysines 164 and 254 are sumoilated and Rep interferes with the sumoilation of both residues.
- PCNA is sumoilated with AtSUMO1 and AtSUMO2 but not with AtSUMO3.

References:

Castillo A. G. & Kong L. J. (2004). *J. Virol*.

- Castillo A. G., Collinet D., Kashoggi A., Bejarano E. R. (2003). Virology. - Chymkowitch P., Nguea P. A., Aanes, H., Koehler, C., Thiede, B., Lorenz, S, et al. (2015) Genome Res.

- Duffy, S. & Holmes, E. C. (2008). *J Virol*. - Kurepa J., Walker J. M., Smallet J., Gosink M. M., Davis S. J., Durham T. L., Sung D-Y and Vierstra D. (2003). Journal of Biological Chemistry.

- Mailand N., Gibbs-Seymour I. And Bekker-Jensen S. (2013) Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol.

- Strzalka W., and Ziemienowicz A. (2010). Ann. Bot. - Strzalka W., Labecki P., Bartnicki F., Aggarwa, C., Rapala-Kozik M., Tani C., Tanaka K and Gabrys. (2012). Journal of Experimental Botany.

- Veaute X, Jeusset J, Soustelle C. et al. (2003). Nature.

Acknowledgement. This research was supported by a grant from the Spanish Ministerio de Ciencia y Tecnología (AGL2016-75819-C2-1-R). B. S. was awarded a Predoctoral Fellowship from the Spanish Ministerio de Economía y Competitividad.