

|                              | "Strengthening<br>Systems: Future<br>Concep<br>8-11De  | fic PASTECHL Sports & Health Conference<br>Sports & Health Monitoring<br>e Perspectives, Challenges,<br>ots and Necessities"<br>ecember 2022, Podgorica, Montenegro<br>cal Activity and Sports Tech for Healthy Lifestyles  |  |
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|                              | Tech for Health  | 1st Annual Scientific Conference of Physical Activity and Sports<br>ny Lifestyles "Strengthening Sports & Health Monitoring Systems:<br>Future Perspectives, Challenges, Concepts and Necessities"  |  |
| Tittle of Abstract           |  | ECT OF A DYNAMIC-BASED STRETCHING<br>ON PRIMARY SCHOOL STUDENTS' EXPLOSIVE  |  |
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| Abstract                     | performance<br>been satisfact<br>present study<br>based stretch<br>in primary sc<br>students (53,<br>present study<br>satisfactorily<br>cluster-rando<br>setting was of<br>classes in the<br>to eliminate a<br>results of the<br>dynamic-bas<br>significantly h<br>stretching wa<br>= 1.54; dynamic-<br>2LL = 2314<br>CONCLUSIC<br>a warm-up in<br>schoolchildre | The impact of different types of warm-up protocol on children's performance is clearly an unresolved issue that has not yet been satisfactorily investigated. PURPOSE: The aim of the present study was to compare the acute effect of a dynamic-based stretching warm-up on standing long jump performance in primary schoolchildren. METHODS: From the total of 186 students (53.5% females) who were invited to participate in the present study. Finally, 143 (53.1% females) students satisfactorily met the exclusion criteria (aged 8-11 years old). A cluster-randomized crossover trial in the Physical Education setting was carried on. The clusters were pre-established classes in the school setting. The crossover design was chosen to eliminate any negligible carry over effect. RESULTS: The results of the Multilevel Lineal Model showed that after the dynamic-based stretching warm-up students had statistically significantly higher standing long jump scores than after the no stretching warm-up (no stretching, adjusted M = 126.81 cm; SE = 1.54; dynamic stretching, adjusted M = 137.99 cm; SE = 1.54; - 2LL = 2314.892, F = 131.155, p < 0.001, d = 0.50). CONCLUSION: The dynamic-bouncing stretch as a final part of a warm-up improves explosive strength performance in primary schoolchildren. And seems to be a good option before carrying out explosive strength activities of the lower body. |  |
| Study Topic                  |  | Other Multi- & Interdisciplinary Themes   |  |
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| Key Words                    | Physical ed  | Physical education, bouncing technique, jump.   |  |