Resistance to multiple fungicides in *Botrytis cinerea* isolates from commercial strawberry fields in the eastern USA

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Chemical control of gray mold of strawberry caused by *Botrytis cinerea* Pers. is essential to prevent pre- and postharvest fruit decay; however, resistance to multiple chemical classes of fungicides including APs (cyprodinil), DCs (iprodione), MBCs (thiophanate-methyl), PPs (fludioxonil), QoIs (pyraclostrobin), SBIs (fenhexamid), or SDHIs (boscalid) is a well-known and well-described phenomenon in *B. cinerea* from strawberry fields in Florida, Germany, North Carolina, and South Carolina. As part of a resistance-monitoring program conducted during 2012 and 2013, a total of 1,890 *B. cinerea* isolates where collected from 10 states in the eastern USA. The isolates were analyzed for fungicide resistance using a mycelial growth assay. The overall resistance frequencies in 2012 for thiophanate-methyl, pyraclostrobin, boscalid, cyprodinil, fenhexamid, iprodione, and fludioxonil were 76, 42, 29, 27, 25, 3, and 1%, respectively. Frequencies in 2013 were 85, 59, 5, 17, 26, 2, and 1%, respectively. Isolates were resistant to either one (23%), two (18%), three (19%), four (14%), five (3%) or six (0.1%) chemical classes of fungicides in 2012. In 2013 this distribution was 24%, 29%, 26%, 8%, 2%, 0.3%,
respectively, and also 0.3% (6 isolates) were resistant to all classes of fungicides. Resistance to thiophanate-methyl, iprodione, boscalid, pyraclostrobin and fenhexamid was based on target gene mutations in $\beta$-tubulin, $bos1$, $sdhB$, $cytb$, and $erg27$, respectively. Isolates were MDR1 or MDR1h dependent on sensitivity to fludioxonil and variations in transcription factor $mrr1$. Expression of ABC transporter $atrB$ was highest in MDR1h isolates. The discovery of $B. cinerea$ isolates resistant to all registered site-specific fungicides for gray mold control represents an unprecedented milestone of resistance development in $B. cinerea$ that signals a failure of current anti-resistance management strategies.

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